

\* As at July 2009

# **Pacific Basin Overview**

- World's leading dry bulk owner/operator of modern handysize vessels and a top 10 handymax operator, principally operating in the Asia Pacific region
- Major presence in Towage and RoRo businesses, with supporting Maritime Services
- >160 ships directly serving major industrial customers
- Carrying the dry bulk commodities required for Asia's growth
- Headquartered in Hong Kong with 22 offices worldwide, 350+ Group staff, 1,700+ seafarers \*



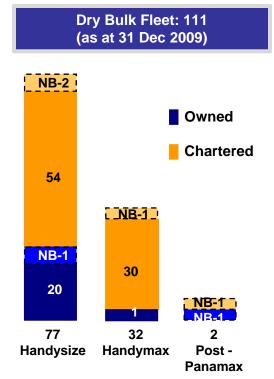
# **Q309 Highlights**

- The dry bulk market performed better than expected due to stronger cargo demand, principally from China, and weaker than projected ship supply growth
- We have become more optimistic for the remainder of 2009 but remain cautious for 2010 and expect a volatile and generally lower dry bulk market due to
  - Excessive newbuilding deliveries
  - A bumpy global economic recovery
  - China's erratic raw materials import demand
- We have reduced our market exposure by:
  - Increasing the proportion of short term chartered tonnage in our fleet; and
  - Securing a high level of cargo cover at attractive rates well above both today's equivalent forward rates and our blended daily cost:

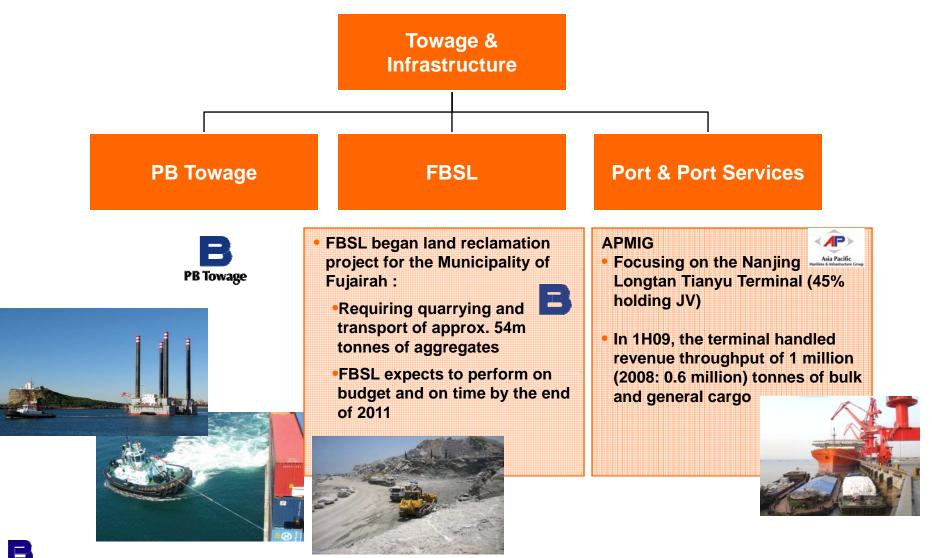
Cover and Average Daily Charter Rate:				
	FY2009	FY2010		
Handysize	97% / US\$14,210	49% / US\$14,260		
Handymax	100% / US\$19,640	108% / US\$27,780		
		As at 22 Oct 20		

### **Business Direction – Dry Bulk**

- Handysize freight rates continued to rise during the third quarter:
  - increased Chinese imports of minor bulk cargoes;
  - growing inbalance dry bulk capacity in the Pacific and Atlantic oceans;
  - scrapping of older vessels; and
  - Limited deliveries of newbuilding tonnage
- Cautious market view remain for 2010
- Significantly increased cargo cover level
- Short term vessel charters reduce our medium term cost exposure
- Post-panamax vessels secured long term charters
- Conserving capital to invest in appropriate opportunities
- Cost savings across the Group



### **Business Direction – Towage & Infrastructure**



### **Towage Development**

- US\$1.6m 1H09 net profit in towage division (FY2008: US\$5.8m loss)
- Profitable despite harbour towage operations in Australia being more affected by economic downturn than our offshore business
- Strong oil price supporting oil and gas exploration
- Towage fleet comprises 35 vessels:
  - 29 tugs \* (including 7 newbuildings)
  - 6 barges
  - 1 bunker tanker \*



- Development of the "Gorgon" gas project of Western Australia has been approved by the Australian Government, paving the way for PB Towage to commence towage logistics services for the project
- Secured long-term fixed-income contracts in bulk ports in Western Australia and Queensland

### Roll On Roll Off Development

- First RoRo vessel fixed to Norfolkline Shipping, a wholly-owned subsidiary of A.P.Moller-Maersk for 3 years since mid-Sep 2009
- 5 RoRo newbuildings on order including 2 chartered in vessels with purchase options
- No RoRo market exposure until second half of 2010
- Successfully negotiated deferred delivery of remaining three RoRo newbuildings from Odense Steel Shipyard into 2011
- Evaluating a number of potential employment routes and opportunities both within and outside of European



Loading and discharging cargoes over a ramp





Our first RoRo vessel has been chartered to Norfolkline Shipping. It is now plying the seas between the Netherlands & UK.



A wide range of goods on wheeled cargoes / trailers. Examples: Chilled salad vegetables from Holland to the UK and chemicals from the UK to Holland

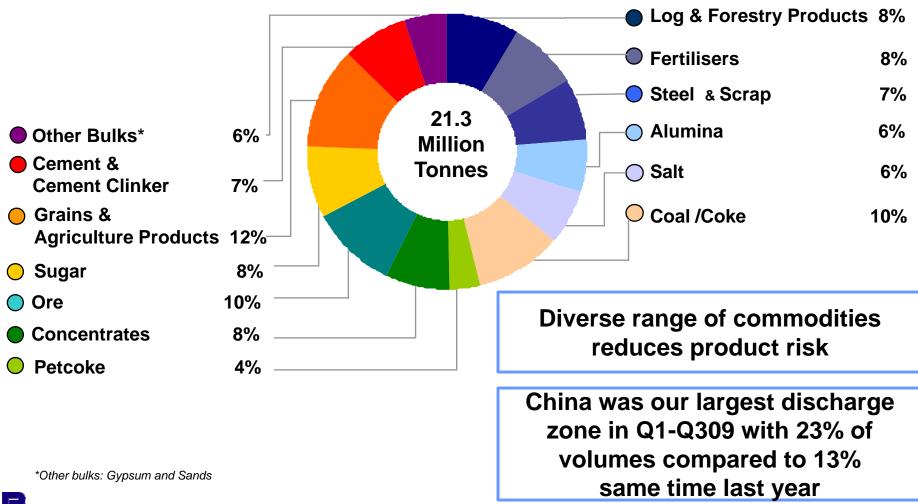




Only the trailers remain on board while the truck's head units & the drivers leave the ship

# **Diversified Dry Bulk Cargo**

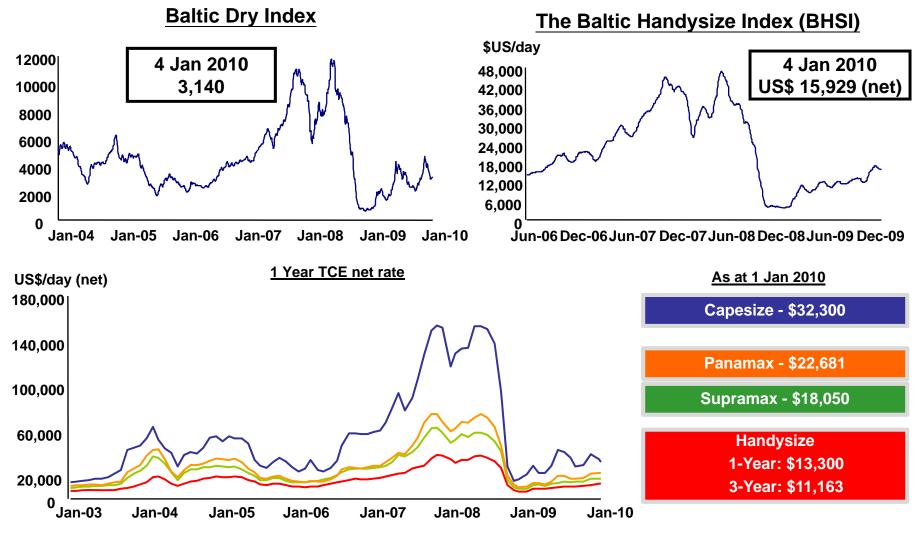
Total Handysize and Handymax Cargo Volume Q1-Q3 2009



B

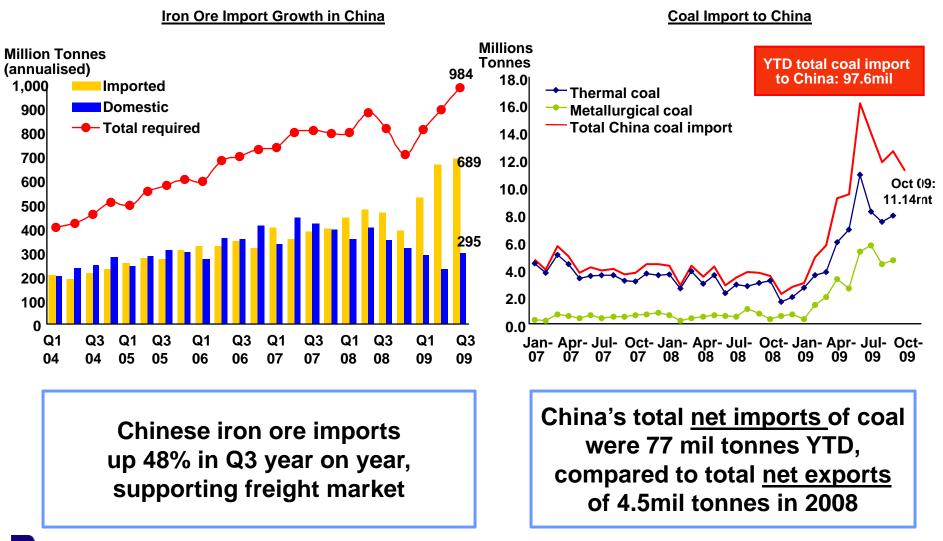
Pacific Basin

### **Dry Bulk Market Information**

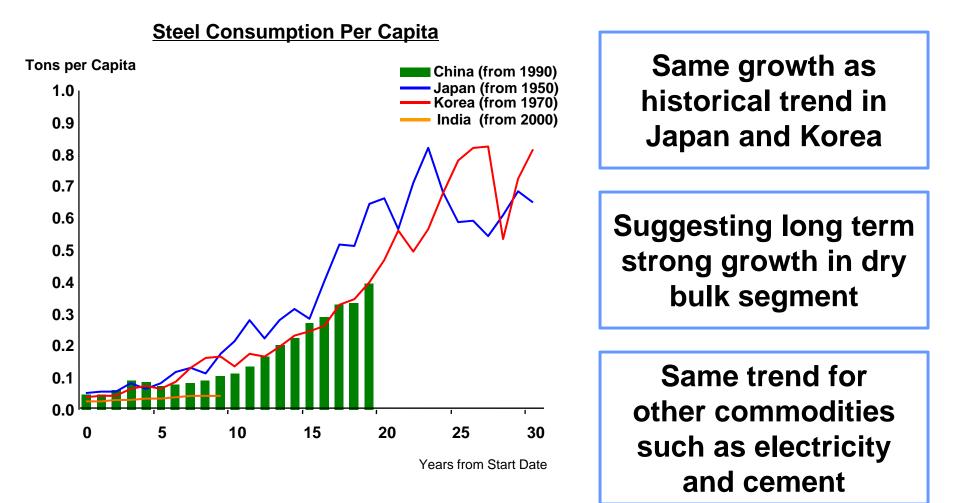


BHSI officially began on 2 January 07 Sources: Clarksons, The Baltic Exchange, Bloomberg LP

# **Major Bulk Import to China**



### **China at Mid-Industrialization Stage**



# **Dry Bulk Demand**

5.6

Q308

**Changes in Tonnage Demand** 

% change YOY

9.4

Q108

15

10

5

0

-5

-10

-15

Implied demand improvement from 1Q09 to 3Q09 supported by reports of significantly increased dry bulk trade volumes

Tonnage imbalance between the Pacific and Atlantic oceans facilitate a positive tonne-mile effect

-0.2

Q309E

-4.9

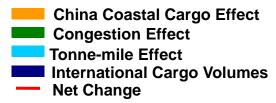
Q209E

-8.0

Q109E

-10.5

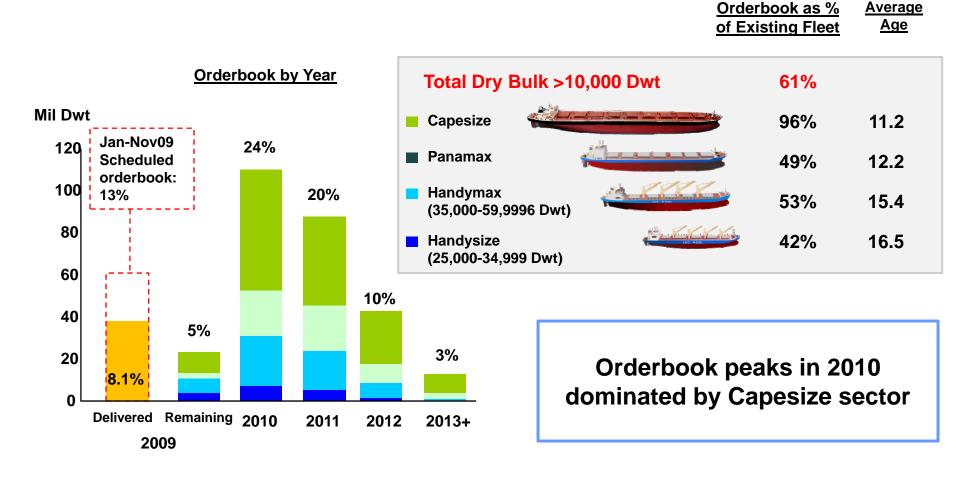
Q408



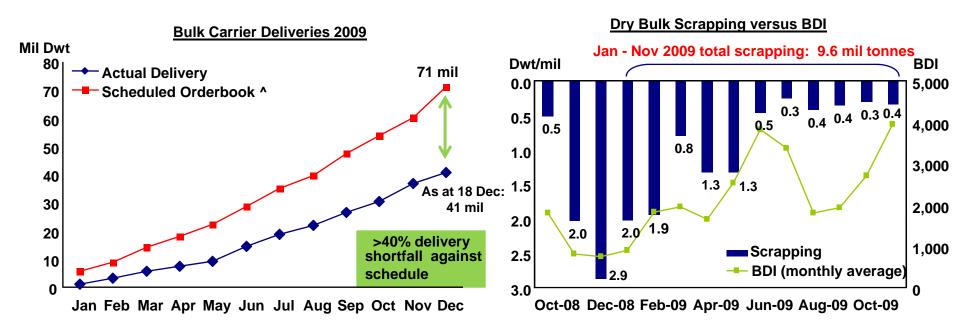
Q208

10.7

### **Dry Bulk Orderbook**



# **Dry Bulk Fleet Changes**

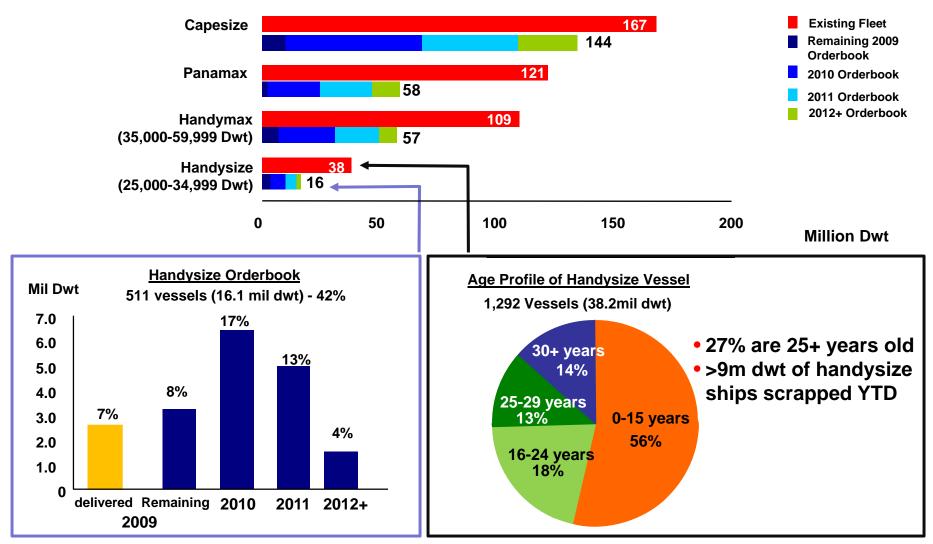


Delivery shortfall against schedule is mainly caused by ineffective orders and construction delays

We expect ~45 million tonnes of new dry bulk capacity to deliveries in 2009

Scrapping is likely to pick up again if the freight market declines

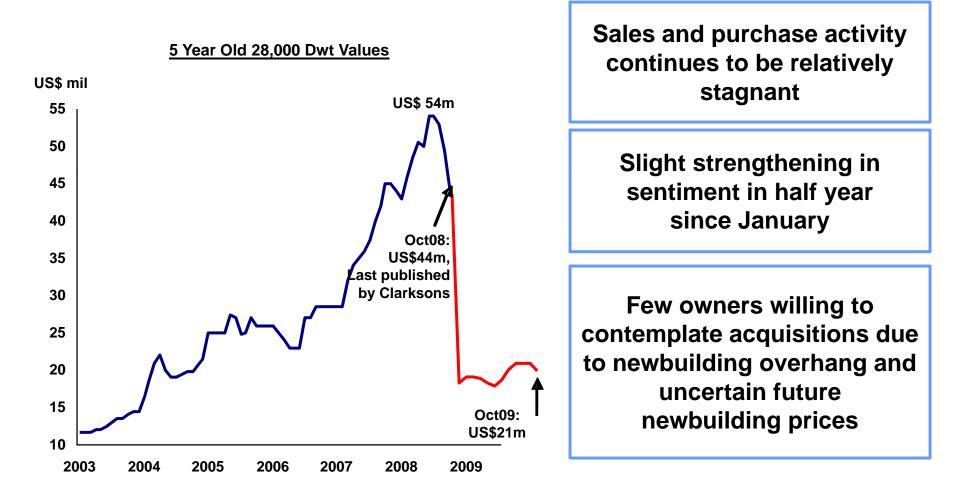
### **Dry Bulk Orderbook – Sector Analysis**



Source: Clarksons Dec 2009

\* Dry bulk fleet is defined as dry bulk vessels over 10,000 Dwt; Handysize is defined as 25,000-34,999 Dwt

### Handysize Vessel Values

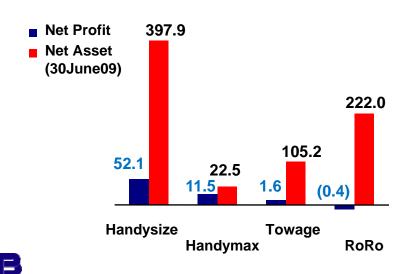


As at 30 June 2009

# 2009 Financial Highlights

	1H09	1H08
Revenue (US\$m)	425.9	909.9
Net Profit (US\$m)	74.8	337.6
Basic EPS (HK¢)	32	162
Return on average shareholders' equity	12%	68%
Dividends (HK¢ per share)	8.0	76.0

### Segment Net Profit versus Net Assets (US\$m)



### Net Profit after:

- US\$15.0m unrealised net derivatives income
- US\$5.5m write-back of onerous contract provisions for future period
- •US\$2.5m vessel disposal losses

Hence underlying profit US\$56.8m

### Segment Result – Handysize

<u>As at 30 June 2009</u>

		1H09	1H08	% Change	2008
Revenue days	(days)	12,460	12,480	-	24,890
TCE earnings	(US\$/day)	13,610	32,580	-58%	29,600
Owned + chartered cost	(US\$/day)	9,380	14,470	-35%	14,960
Segment net profits	(US\$m)	52.1	225.7	-77%	361.2

Earnings:	Costs:	Segment result excludes:
<ul> <li>Average BHSI reduced 76%</li> <li>Our TCE reduced 58%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cheaper chartered-in vessels</li> <li>Write-back of US\$16.5m of onerous contracts provision relating to this period</li> <li>Cost reduction</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>US\$5.5m write-back of onerous contracts provision for future periods</li> <li>US\$11.3m unrealised net derivatives income</li> </ul>

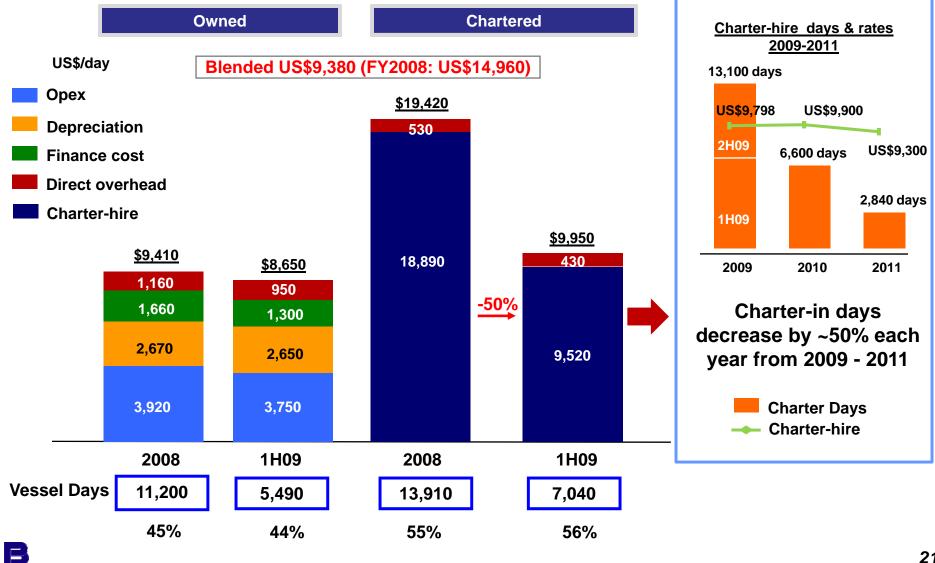
# Segment Result – Handymax As at 30 June 2009

		1H09	1H08	% Change	2008
Revenue days	(days)	5,150	5,210	-1%	11,050
TCE earnings	(US\$/day)	19,840	49,150	-60%	44,610
Owned + chartered cost	(US\$/day)	17,580	41,980	-58%	40,070
Segment net profits	(US\$m)	11.5	36.6	-69%	48.9

Earnings:	Costs:	Segment result excludes:
<ul> <li>Average BSI reduced 72%</li> <li>Our TCE reduced 60%</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cheaper chartered-in vessels</li> <li>Cost reduction</li> <li>No onerous contracts provision or charges</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>US\$0.9m unrealised net derivatives income</li> </ul>

#### As at 30 June 2009

### **Daily Vessel Costs - Handysize**



### **Impact of Financial Instruments**

		Period ended		
US\$ m	Realised	Unrealised	2009	2008
Net Gains / (Losses)				
Interest rate swap contracts	(1.5)	2.9	1.4	(0.6)
Bunker swap contracts	(10.4)	43.4	33.0	54.9
Forward freight agreements	19.0	(31.3)	(12.3)	(11.7)
	7.1	15.0 <b>(</b>	22.1	42.6
<ul> <li>Completed in period and cash settled</li> <li>Included in divisional results</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Contracts to be settled in future period</li> <li>Accounting reversal of earlier period contracts now completed</li> <li>Not part of divisional results</li> </ul>		

### **Balance Sheet**

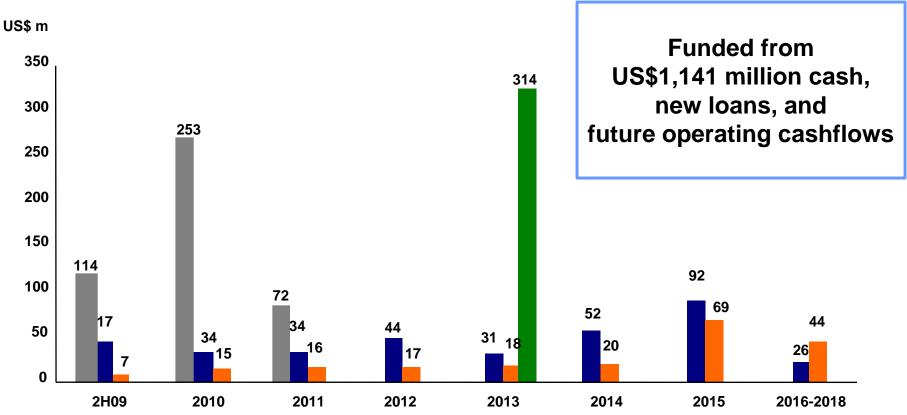
As at 30 June 2009

US\$m	Dry bulk	Towage	RoRo	Treasury	30 Jun 09	31 Dec 08
Vessels & other fixed assets	594	121	181	-	912	861
Total assets	744	156	222	1,097	2,406	2,331
Long term borrowings	207	39	-	581	827	848
Total liabilities	324	50	-	586	983	1,112
Net assets	420	105	222	511	1,424	1,219
Net cash					314	176
Net cash / Fixed assets					34%	22%
Net cash / Shareholder's equi	ty				22%	14%

Dry bulk - 30 delivered vessels Average age 6 years; Average book value: Handysize: US\$17.6m, Handymax: US\$16.0m

As at 30 June 2009

### **Borrowings and Capex**



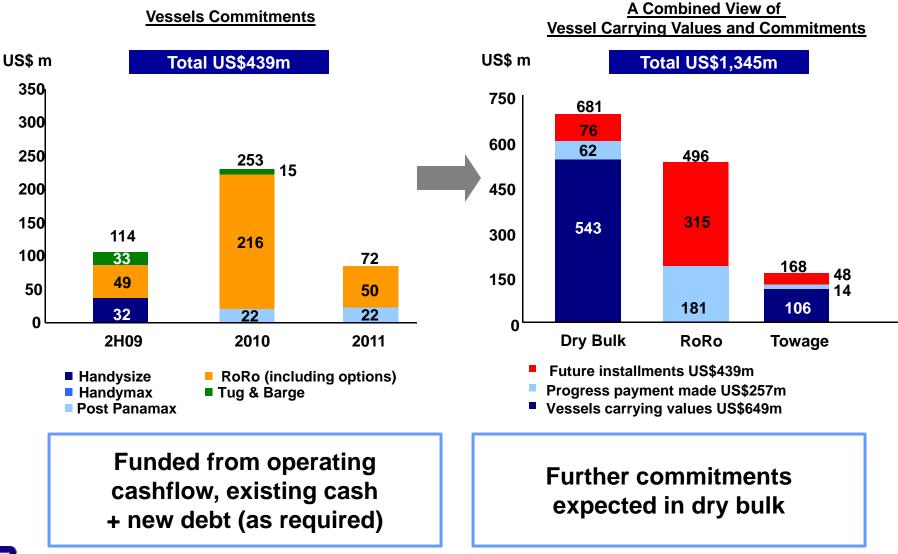
Vessel capex (US\$439m, including 2 RoRo options)

- Bank borrowings (US\$330m) : 2012 2018
- Finance lease liabilities (US\$206m) : 2015 2017
- Convertible bonds (Nominal Value US\$314m): 2013, redeemable Feb 2011

Dry Bulk - Towage - RoRo

### **Capex and Combined Value by Vessel Types**

As at 30 June 2009



### Dry Bulk - Towage - RoRo

### Pacific Basin

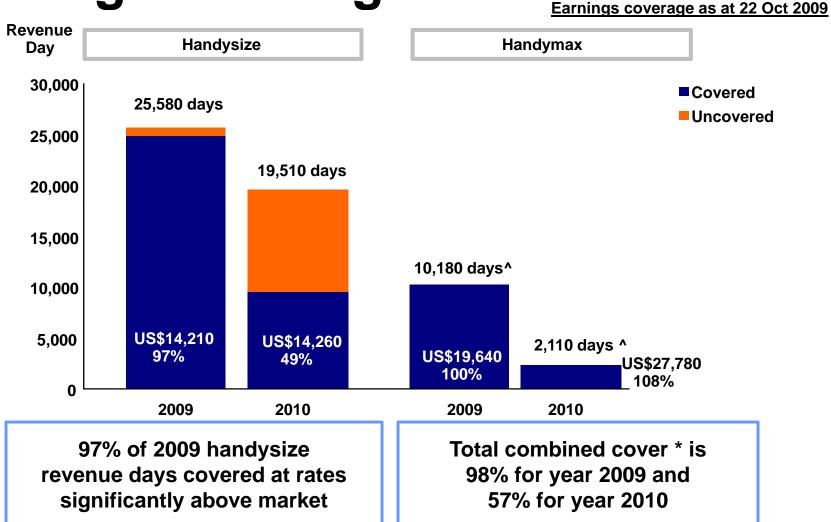
### As at 30 June 2009

Cashflow
<u>US\$ m</u>
Operating cash inflows
Investing cash in / (out) flows
<ul> <li>Vessels &amp; other fixed assets related payments</li> </ul>
- Sales of vessels
- Jointly controlled entities related payments and receipts
- Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets
- Net receipts from forward foreign exchange contracts
<ul> <li>Change in restricted / pledged bank deposits</li> </ul>
- Others
Financing cash in/ (out) flows
- Proceeds from placement
- Repurchase of convertible bonds
<ul> <li>Net drawdown / (repayment) of borrowings</li> </ul>
- Dividends paid
- Others, mainly interest paid
Cash and bank deposits

1H09	1H08
61	284
13	(218)
(171)	(201)
105	81
40	(17)
-	(40)
17	-
13	(34)
9	(5)
57	54
97	271
(9)	-
(14)	(52)
-	(153)
(18)	(13)
	]
1,141	804

Dry Bulk - Towage - RoRo

# **Earnings Coverage**



^ Excludes 2 handymax vessels on long term charter out

\*As at 22 October 2009, we had for 2009 covered 97% of our 25,580handysize revenue days and 100% of our 10,180 handymax revenue days, equating to approximately 98% of our handysize equivalent days

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# Outlook

• Focus on three core segments:



- Robust balance sheet as at 30 June 2009 : US\$1.1 billion cash, and shareholders' equity of US\$1.4 billion
- 97% of 2009 handysize days covered at US\$14,210 per day. 2009 total combined cover is 98%
- Unchanged dividend policy: continue to pay out for the full year a minimum of 50% of profits excluding vessel disposal gains
- Remain cautious for 2010 when we expect a difficult and volatile freight market with healthy levels of cargo demand being outstripped by escalating vessel supply

### Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain forward looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of Pacific Basin and certain plans and objectives of the management of Pacific Basin.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results or performance of Pacific Basin to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such forward looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding Pacific Basin's present and future business strategies and the political and economic environment in which Pacific Basin will operate in the future.