2012 Annual Results
## 2012 Annual Results – Group Highlights

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating Cash Flow</strong></td>
<td>US$149m</td>
<td>US$159m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Underlying Profit</strong></td>
<td>US$48m</td>
<td>US$58m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net (Loss) / Profit</strong></td>
<td>US$(158)m</td>
<td>US$32m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash Position</strong></td>
<td>US$753m</td>
<td>US$618m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Earnings per Share</strong></td>
<td>HK¢(64)</td>
<td>HK¢13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>HK¢21 on continuing operations</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dividend per Share</strong></td>
<td>HK¢5 (proposed)</td>
<td>HK¢10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Group results were impacted by:
  - a US$199m write-off for our RoRo investment
  - very weak dry bulk spot market
  - a strong US$38m contribution from PB Towage
- Balance sheet retains substantial buying power:
  - US$753m total cash and deposits
  - Low 14% group net gearing
- Fully funded capital commitments of US$236m relating to 16 dry bulk vessels
- **8 dry bulk ships acquired since September 2012**
Pacific Basin Dry Bulk – 2012 performance

Handysize
- Handysize daily rate: US$10,460 (-23% YOY)
- PB outperformed spot market by 44%
- Respectable performance reflects value of our industrial and customer-focused business model

Handymax
- Handymax daily rate: US$11,720 (-22% YOY)
- PB Outperformed spot market by 31%
- Our reliance on relatively expensive medium-term chartered ships in the depressed market resulted in a modest albeit positive Handymax contribution overall

Post-Panamax
- 2 Post-Panamax ships continue to operate satisfactorily under long-term charters

Further investment in dry bulk
- Since September 2012, we have acquired for US$122m:
  - 6 secondhand Handysize ships
  - 1 secondhand Handymax ship
  - 1 Handysize newbuilding resale

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2012 Dry Bulk net profit</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Handysize contribution</td>
<td>US$39.3m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handymax contribution</td>
<td>US$62.0m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct overheads</td>
<td>US$6.7m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US$(35.3m)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Operating cash flow | US$114.1m |
| Return on net assets | 5% |

With you for the long haul
Our dry bulk business model facilitates a valuable cargo book
Enables us to outperform the market (by 44% in 2012)

Pacific Basin Dry Bulk Fleet: 189 (on the water: 172)³,⁴ average age of our core fleet: 6.2 years old

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Owned</th>
<th></th>
<th>Chartered</th>
<th></th>
<th>Total 25 Feb 2013</th>
<th>As at 2011 AR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>On the water</td>
<td>Newbuilding</td>
<td>On the water</td>
<td>Newbuilding</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handysize</td>
<td>38 ³</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>84²</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>133</td>
<td>122</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handymax</td>
<td>5 ⁴</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>45</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-Panamax</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>44</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>169</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ 2013 cover excludes 7,970 (Handysize) & 1,270 (Handymax) revenue days chartered in on index-linked basis
² Includes 13 finance lease vessels
³ Includes 3 Handysize secondhand acquisitions not yet delivered
⁴ Includes 1 Handymax secondhand acquisition not yet delivered
Dry Bulk Market Information

- Excessive newbuilding deliveries in 2012 impacted freight rates across all dry bulk segments
- Lowest annual average BDI since 1987
- Average Handysize and Handymax daily market spot rates fell 28% YOY - still equalled or exceeded average rates for larger vessels
- Protracted market weakness further impacted ship values
- 5 year old Handysize value: US$17m (down 13% from a year ago)
- Newbuilding prices also reduced to pre-boom levels: US$21m

**Baltic Dry Index (BDI) versus Baltic Handysize Index (BHSI) & Baltic Capesize Index (BCI)**

**Handysize Vessel Values**

- 5 years (32,000 dwt): US$17m
- Feb 13: Newbuilding (35,000 dwt): US$21m

Source: The Baltic Exchange, Clarksons
Dry Bulk Demand

**2012 Annual Results**

**2012 Chinese Minor Bulk Imports**

- China imports of a basket of 7 important minor bulks: logs, soyabean, fertiliser, bauxite, nickel, copper concentrates and manganese ore – representing 1/3 of Pacific Basin’s 2012 cargo volumes

**Dry Bulk Effective Demand**

- Overall dry bulk demand increased 7%
- Demand growth influenced by:
  - Expanded growth volumes on high-volume major bulk trade routes
  - Chinese imports of seven important minor bulks increased 7% - lending strong support to global demand for smaller ships
  - Logs trade was impacted by a slowdown in Chinese property sector

Source: R.S. Platou, Bloomberg
2012 net fleet growth:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Handysize</th>
<th>Dry Bulk overall</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>YOY</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Driven by 98m tonnes of new capacity (deliveries slowed in 4Q)
- Heavy influx of newbuildings was only partially offset by record-high scrapping of 33.6m tonnes
- 22% of Handysize fleet is over 25 years old

Source: Clarksons, Bloomberg, as at 1 Feb 2013
Ship owners ordered 55% less new capacity YOY due to weak market conditions.

101m dwt of new capacity scheduled to deliver in 2013.

2012 Newbuilding deliveries of 98m dwt were 30% below the scheduled orderbook at the start of the year – expect approx. 25%-30% slippage in FY2013.

**Handysize Orderbook**
- 341 vessels (12m dwt)
- Jan13 Orderbook

- Scheduled orderbook 2012
- Actual delivery 2013
- 2014
- 2015+

- 12.3m
- 8.9m
- 1.1%
- 4.4%
- 1.4%

**Total Dry Bulk Orderbook**
- 1,657 vessels (131m dwt)

- Scheduled orderbook 2012
- Actual delivery 2013
- 2014
- 2015+

- 139m
- 98m
- 1.4%
- 4.8%
- 0.7%

Source: Clarksons, as at 1 Feb 2013

2012 Annual Results

With you for the long haul
Pacific Basin Dry Bulk - Outlook

- Strong Chinese demand for minor bulk commodities
- Global trade imbalances and fleet utilisation inefficiencies
- Stronger than anticipated US economic recovery and revived industrialisation in N. America
- Fewer newbuilding deliveries
- Continued high levels of dry bulk scrapping
- Bank lending constraints limit funding for ship acquisitions
- Still excessive, but reduced, overhang of supply + shipbuilding capacity
- Global economic recovery negatively impacted by further shocks relating to European finances and US government spending
- Premature shipowner optimism resulting in less scrapping, increased ordering activity and increased vessel prices
- Increased national protectionism impacting raw materials trade
- Potentially weaker growth in the Chinese economy and industrial production

PB Outlook:
- Dry bulk market to remain weak overall in 2013 though healthier fundamentals should limit further downside in Handysize
- Dry cargo demand is likely to be similarly healthy as last year
- Supply-side fundamentals are improving, but will take time to absorb oversupply
- Challenging market conditions likely to generate further acquisition opportunities

Strategy:
- Invest in high-quality Handysize and Handymax ships
- Expand our dry bulk customer and cargo portfolio
- Decentralise our operational support function
2012 Performance

- Continued strong demand for marine logistics from oil & gas projects
- Good growth in harbour towage sector
- PB Towage results have continued to strengthen due to:
  - Improved market conditions
  - Our increased market presence and penetration

Offshore Towage

- Western Australia and Queensland oil & gas developments continued to drive demand for offshore marine logistics
- North West Shelf LNG construction projects have progressed further
- Some increase in demand in Middle East market, but remains difficult due to excessive supply

Harbour Towage

- Supported by 11% increase in volumes and higher market share in the main liner and bulk ports

Supply

- Barrier to entry for new entrants in Australian domestic market

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Towage net profit</td>
<td>US$37.7m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash flow</td>
<td>US$52.1m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on net assets</td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PB Towage Fleet: 44 vessels
(as at 25 Feb 2013)

- 35 Tugs (31 Owned + 4 Chartered)
- 7 Barges (6 Owned + 1 Chartered)
- 1 owned bunker tanker and 1 chartered passenger/supply vessel
PB Towage - Outlook

Growing project activity in Australasia and construction support both domestically in Australia and internationally
- Increased exploration and production leading to demand for platform support services
- Continued growth in Australian bulk export volumes
- International transportation into Australian driving increased harbour towage jobs in container ports

Hesitation in global economy recovery and Chinese slowdown – impacting Australian port activity
- Labour market shortages and cost pressures
- Exchange rate movements affecting Australia’s global competitiveness

PB Outlook:
- Well positioned competitively to participate in offshore and harbour opportunities as market develops
- Expected to be an important contributor to Group results in 2013

Strategy:
- To grow our towage businesses focusing on opportunities in expanding offshore support and bulk port towage activity
- Recent decision to enter the Port of Newcastle
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PB RoRo net loss</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Excluding US$199m impairment and exchange loss)</td>
<td>US$(12.1)m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash flow</td>
<td>US$3.1m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Considered a discontinued operation
- Continued severe weakness in the RoRo sector impacted results and prospects for our RoRo business
- Mid-year impairment and decision to exit RoRo in medium term
- Agreed sale of all 6 RoRos to Grimaldi for Eur153m (approx. US$188m)
- At least one vessel to be purchase by end of each six month period ending 30 June 2013 through December 2015
- All 6 vessels to be bareboat chartered by buyers until transfer of ownership
- 5 bareboat charters commenced:
  - 2 in Oct 2012
  - 3 in Feb 2013
  - 1 to commence in March 2014, after current time charter
- Our Eur162m, 12-year RoRo loan converted to a dry bulk loan of approx. US$210m
# 2012 Annual Financial Highlights

US$ m

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Segment net profit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Treasury</td>
<td>(6.1)</td>
<td>(12.8)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Discontinued Operations - RoRo</td>
<td>(12.1)</td>
<td>(10.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Non direct G&amp;A</td>
<td>(8.5)</td>
<td>(8.3)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Underlying profit</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Unrealised derivative expenses</td>
<td>(3.3)</td>
<td>(1.6)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- RoRo vessel impairment charge &amp; exchange loss</td>
<td>(198.6)</td>
<td>(80.0)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Other impairments</td>
<td>(4.4)</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Gain from sale of shares in Green Dragon Gas</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>55.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>(Loss)/Profit attributable to shareholders</strong></td>
<td>(158.5)</td>
<td>32.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Pacific Basin Dry Bulk

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue days (days)</td>
<td>41,000</td>
<td>32,710</td>
<td>+25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCE earnings (US$/day)</td>
<td>10,460</td>
<td>13,530</td>
<td>-23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owned + chartered costs (US$/day)</td>
<td>8,910</td>
<td>9,930</td>
<td>+10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handysize contribution (US$m)</td>
<td>62.0</td>
<td>115.2</td>
<td>-46%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handymax &amp; Post Panamax (US$m)</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>(1.7)</td>
<td>+841%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct overhead (US$m)</td>
<td>(35.3)</td>
<td>(32.1)</td>
<td>-10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dry Bulk Net profit (US$m)</td>
<td>39.3</td>
<td>81.4</td>
<td>-52%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return on net assets (%)</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>-6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Earnings**: Time Charter Equivalent (TCE) rates reflect weaker spot freight market
- **Costs**: Blended daily costs reflect lower chartered-in costs of market vessels
- **Net profit**: excludes US$2.1m unrealised net derivatives expenses
**Daily Vessel Costs - Handysize**

**Charter Days**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charter-hire</td>
<td>7,710</td>
<td>8,200</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance cost</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>2,810</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opex</td>
<td>3,900</td>
<td>4,440</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Chartered**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charter-hire</td>
<td>11,810</td>
<td>9,340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance cost</td>
<td>1,000</td>
<td>960</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>2,800</td>
<td>2,800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opex</td>
<td>7,710</td>
<td>8,200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Includes 13 finance lease vessels*

**Daily charter hire rates & days 2013-2015**

- **2013**: $9,460, 9,380 days
- **2014**: $10,710, 6,270 days
- **2015**: $10,800, 5,700 days

**Vessel Days**

- **2011**: 15,070 (46%)
- **2012**: 15,570 (38%)
- **2011**: 17,890 (54%)
- **2012**: 25,630 (62%)
## 2012 Annual Results

### Balance Sheet

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>US$m</th>
<th>PB Dry Bulk</th>
<th>PB Towage</th>
<th>Discontinued RoRo</th>
<th>Treasury</th>
<th>31 Dec 12</th>
<th>31 Dec 11</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vessels &amp; other fixed assets</td>
<td>1,057</td>
<td>208</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,270</td>
<td>1,525</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>1,292</td>
<td>273</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>745</td>
<td>2,470</td>
<td>2,432</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long term borrowings</td>
<td>301</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>599</td>
<td>931</td>
<td>779</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>437</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>618</td>
<td>1,138</td>
<td>947</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net assets</td>
<td>855</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>127</td>
<td>1,332</td>
<td>1,485</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Net borrowings (after total cash of US$753m)**: 178 161
- **Net borrowings to net book value of property, plant and equipment**: 14% 11%

Notes: 31 Dec 2012 total includes other segments and unallocated
Borrowings and Capex

The Group had cash balances of US$753m, borrowings of US$931m and a net borrowings ratio of 14% against the Net Book Value of property, plant and equipment.
2012 Annual Results

Cash Flow

2012 Sources and Uses of Group Cash Flow

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Opening Cash (1Jan12)</td>
<td>+618.2m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash inflow</td>
<td>+148.7m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase in borrowings</td>
<td>+163.1m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Capex</td>
<td>-195.4m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividend paid</td>
<td>-12.5m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net Interest paid</td>
<td>-16.4m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>+47.8m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Closing Cash (31Dec12)</td>
<td>+753.5m</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Operating cash flow: US$148.7m

EBITDA (excluding impairment): US$145.1m
Our Position, Outlook and Strategy

- Focus on our two core businesses – we are now out of most non core activities

**Dry Bulk**
- Strong cargo and customer focused business model: outperforming market, outperforming larger ships
- Expect the dry bulk market weakness of 2012 to continue through 2013
- Market needs longer to absorb over-supply before sustained recovery becomes apparent
- Acquisition opportunities for shipowners with available cash
- **Strategy:**
  i) Continue to purchase Handysize and Handymax ships at attractive prices
  ii) Expand our dry bulk customer and cargo portfolio in tandem with our core fleet expansion
  iii) Enhance aspects of the customer experience through decentralised operational support

**Towage**
- Well positioned competitively to participate in developing opportunities in Australia + internationally
- **Strategy:** Grow our towage businesses focusing in opportunities in expanding offshore support and bulk port towage activity
Disclaimer

This presentation contains certain forward looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of Pacific Basin and certain plans and objectives of the management of Pacific Basin.

Such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors which may cause the actual results or performance of Pacific Basin to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such forward looking statements are based on numerous assumptions regarding Pacific Basin’s present and future business strategies and the political and economic environment in which Pacific Basin will operate in the future.

Our Communication Channels:

- **Financial Reporting**
  - Annual & Interim Reports
  - Voluntary quarterly trading updates
  - Press releases on business activities

- **Shareholder Meetings and Hotlines**
  - Analysts Day & IR Perception Study
  - Sell-side conferences
  - Investor/analyst calls and enquiries

Contact IR – Emily Lau
E-mail: elau@pacificbasin.com
ir@pacificbasin.com
Tel  : +852 2233 7000

- **Company Website - www.pacificbasin.com**
  - Corporate Information
  - CG, Risk Management and CSR
  - Fleet Profile and Download
  - Investor Relations:
    - financial reports, news & announcements, excel download, awards, media interviews, stock quotes, dividend history, corporate calendar and glossary

- **Social Media Communications**
  - Follow us on Facebook, Twitter and LinkedIn!
Appendix:
Pacific Basin Overview

- A leading dry bulk owner/operator of Handysize & Handymax dry bulk ships
- Flexible Pacific Basin Dry Bulk business model
  - Large fleet of uniform, interchangeable, modern ships
  - Mix of owned and long-term, short-term chartered ships
  - Operating mainly on long term cargo contract (COA) and spot basis
  - Diversified customer base of mainly industrial producers and end users
  - Extensive network of offices positions PB close to customers
- Also owning/operating offshore and harbour tugs
- >230 vessels serving major industrial customers around the world
- Hong Kong headquarters, 17 offices worldwide, 320 shore-based staff, 2,000 seafarers*
- Our vision: To be a shipping industry leader and the partner of choice for customers, staff, shareholders and other stakeholders

www.pacificbasin.com
Pacific Basin business principles
Appendix: How we create value

**Our large, flexible Fleet**
- Large scale, high-quality dry bulk fleet
- Interchangeable nature provides flexibility to customers and ability to optimise scheduling
- Modern fleet of tugs and barges provides reliable service in harbours and for offshore projects
- Comprehensive in-house technical operations function

**Our strong corporate profile**
- Founded in 1987
- Strong balance sheet enhancing our profile as a preferred counterparty for cargo customers and tonnage providers
- Well-positioned to invest, expand
- Commitment to good corporate governance and CSR

**Our global office network**
- 17 offices globally – including 14 dry bulk offices across 6 continents
- Localised chartering and operations support
- Facilitates comprehensive, accurate market intelligence

**Our customer focus priority**
- Customer-focused model - strong relationship with >300 customers
- Spot cargoes and long-term cargo contracts – affording customers reliable freight cover
- Responsive, accessible and problem-solvers at every turn
Diverse range of commodities reduces product risk
Australia and China were our largest loading and discharging zones respectively
Increasing proportion of our business in the Atlantic
Appendix: China at late-Industrialisation Stage

- China growth matches historical trend in Japan and Korea
- Suggests strong growth in dry bulk segment to remain for medium term
- Similar trend for electricity and cement

Steel Consumption Per Capita

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Tons per Capita</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>China (from 1990)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan (from 1950)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Korea (from 1970)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>India (from 2005)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Years from Start Date

0 5 10 15 20 25 30
Appendix:
China Dry Bulk Trade, Iron Ore & Coal Demand

Chinese Dry Bulk Trade Volume

China is a significant net importer of coal in 2012

China Iron Ore Sourcing for Steel Production

Source: Clarksons, Bloomberg
### Appendix: Pacific Basin Dry Bulk - Handymax

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>Change</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenue days</td>
<td>(days)</td>
<td>14,610</td>
<td>13,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TCE earnings</td>
<td>(US$/day)</td>
<td>11,720</td>
<td>15,090</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owned + chartered costs</td>
<td>(US$/day)</td>
<td>11,240</td>
<td>15,390</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Handymax contribution</td>
<td>(US$m)</td>
<td>6.7</td>
<td>(4.7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post Panamax contribution</td>
<td>(US$m)</td>
<td>5.9</td>
<td>3.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total contribution</td>
<td>(US$m)</td>
<td>12.6</td>
<td>(1.7)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Earnings**: 2012 Time Charter Equivalent (TCE) rates reflect weaker spot freight market
- **Costs**: Blended daily costs reflect lower chartered-in costs market vessels
- **Net profit**: excludes US$1.7m unrealised net derivatives expenses
Appendix:
Daily Vessel Costs – Handymax

As at 31 Dec 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vessel Days</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>US$/Day</td>
<td></td>
<td>Chartered</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Owned</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance cost</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>94%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>3,750</td>
<td>3,300</td>
<td>12,970</td>
<td>13,690</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Opex</td>
<td>4,810</td>
<td>5,250</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter</td>
<td>8,560</td>
<td>8,550</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vessel Days</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charter-hire</td>
<td>$11,510</td>
<td>$13,720</td>
<td>$14,500</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charter-days</td>
<td>3,500 days</td>
<td>1,360 days</td>
<td>780 days</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Daily charter hire rates & days 2013-2015

With you for the long haul
Appendix: Towage Segment Operating Performance Before Overheads

As at 31 Dec 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total segment return on net assets</td>
<td>7.0%</td>
<td>17.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offshore &amp; Infrastructure projects</td>
<td>32.3</td>
<td>39.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Harbour Towage</td>
<td>8.2</td>
<td>14.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle East &amp; others</td>
<td>-1.5</td>
<td>1.3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Performance Category</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating performance</td>
<td>US$55.3m</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Direct overheads</td>
<td>US$(17.6)m</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Segment net profit</td>
<td>US$37.7m</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating cash flow</td>
<td>US$52.1m</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Appendix: PB RoRo Impairment & exchange loss in 2012

- Euro-centric RoRo market severely impacted by protracted European debt crisis and macro-economic and political uncertainty significantly reduced demand for chartered RoRos
  - 18 June, announced US$190m non-cash impairment and intention to exit RoRo following reassessment of RoRo prospects

- 6 September, announced sale of all six RoRo vessels for €153 million
  - Buyer is obliged to purchase at least one vessel by the end of each of the six month periods ending 30 June 2013 through 31 December 2015
  - Buyer to bareboat charter vessels at agreed charter rates until sale
  - Further impairment of US$0.4m and exchange loss of US$8.2m in 2012

Estimated Future Financial Effects:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>2014</th>
<th>2015</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interest Income - Treasury</td>
<td>7.5</td>
<td>6.1</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange Losses - Unallocated</td>
<td>-8.3</td>
<td>-5.0</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>-0.8</td>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Based on the 2012 year end rate of EUR 1 to US$1.3231
Appendix: Capex and Combined Vessel Value

As at 31 Dec 2012

A Combined View of Vessel Carrying Values and Commitments

Vessels Commitments

Total US$236m

US$ m

- Handysize x12, US$134m
- Handymax x5, US$102m

Future commitments expected in Dry Bulk

Total US$1,506m

US$ m

- Vessel carrying values, US$1,081m
- Progress payment made, US$189m
- Future installments amount, US$236m
## Appendix: Convertible Bonds Due 2018

### Issue size
US$123.8 million

### Maturity Date
22 October 2018 (6 years)

### Investor Put Date and Price
22 October 2016 (4 years) at par

### PB’s Call Option
1) Trading price for 30 consecutive days > 130% conversion price in effect
2) >90% of Bond converted / redeemed / purchased / cancelled

### Coupon
1.875% p.a. payable semi-annually in arrears on 22 April and 22 October

### Redemption Price
100%

### Initial Conversion Price
HK$4.96

### Intended Use of Proceeds
To acquire additional Handysize and Handymax vessels, as well as for general working capital

### Conversion/redemption Timeline

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Event</th>
<th>Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Closing Date</td>
<td>22 Oct 2012</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 Dec 2012</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maturity</td>
<td>22 Oct 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bondholders’ put option to redeem</td>
<td>22 Oct 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB’s call option to redeem all bonds</td>
<td>22 Oct 2016</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1) Trading price for 30 consecutive</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>days &gt; 130% conversion price in</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>effect</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) &gt;90% of Bond converted /</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>redeemed / purchased / cancelled</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bondholders can convert all or some</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>of their CB into shares</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

---

2012 Annual Results
## Appendix: Convertible Bonds Due 2016

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Issue size</strong></th>
<th>US$230 million</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Maturity Date</strong></td>
<td>12 April 2016 (6 years)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Investor Put Date and Price</strong></td>
<td>12 April 2014 (4 years) at par</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Coupon</strong></td>
<td>1.75% p.a. payable semi-annually in arrears on 12 April and 12 October</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Redemption Price</strong></td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Initial Conversion Price</strong></td>
<td>HK$7.98 (Current conversion price: HK$ 7.26 with effect from 24 April 2012)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Conversion Condition

- **Before 11 Jan 2011:** No Conversion is allowed
- **12 Jan 2011 – 11 Jan 2014:** Share price for 5 consecutive days > 120% conversion price
- **12 Jan 2014 – 5 Apr 2016:** Share price > conversion price

### Intended Use of Proceeds

To purchase the 3.3% Existing Convertible Bonds due 2013, then redeem the 2013 Convertible Bonds (now all redeemed & cancelled)

### Conditions

- Shareholders’ approval at SGM to approve the issue of the New Convertible Bonds and the specific mandate to issue associated shares.
- If the specific mandate is approved by the shareholders at the SGM, the Company would not pursue a new general share issue mandate at the forthcoming AGM on 22 April 2010

### Conversion/redemption Timeline

- **PB’s call option to redeem all bonds**
  1. Trading price for 30 consecutive days > 130% conversion price in effect
  2. >90% of Bond converted / redeemed / purchased / cancelled

- **Bondholders’ put option to redeem bonds**

### Closing Date

- 12 Apr 2010

### Maturity

- 5 Apr 2016
- 12 Apr 2016

### Conversion Timeline

- Bondholders can convert to PB shares when trading price > conversion price in effect for 5 consecutive days
- Bondholders can convert to PB shares after trading price > 120% conversion price in effect